

Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of damping parasitic vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of a motor vehicle fitted with electric power steering, using a power-steering electric motor controlled by an electronic computer that delivers ~~an electrical setpoint a target current~~, taking into account various parameters, from which ~~a power~~ current of the power-steering electric motor is established, the damping method ~~consisting essentially in comprising:~~

- ~~having available in the computer receiving~~ an electrical signal which possesses a ~~parasitic component portion~~ that is the ~~image of~~represents the parasitic vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle;

- ~~processing said~~processing the electrical signal so as to isolate ~~its~~the parasitic component ~~portion~~ that is the ~~image of~~represents the parasitic vibrations;

- ~~calculating, calculating,~~ from the parasitic component ~~portion~~ thus isolated, a correction current for correcting the aforementioned ~~setpoint target current; and current,~~

- ~~applying the calculated~~applying the calculated correction current to the ~~setpoint target current, determined by taking other parameters into account~~, in order to control the electric power-steering ~~motor~~motor,

wherein the electrical signal, used in the computer as signal "containing" the parasitic component, ~~being~~signal is an available signal relating to the electric power-steering motor, in particular the speed of the electric power-steering ~~motor~~motor.

2. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, ~~characterized in that~~ the processing of the ~~aforementioned~~electrical signal, for the purpose of

isolating its component that is the image of represents the parasitic vibrations to be damped, is damped with a filtering filter that lets through the high-frequency component portion or components and that portions, and

eliminates eliminating however, from this the electrical signal, the low-frequency component portion or components, especially those that are imposed by the driver of the vehicle in question portions.

3. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the calculation of further comprising calculating, from the parasitic portion, the correction current, from the isolated parasitic component, also takes into account at least one other parameter.

4. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that said wherein the at least one other parameter is the includes the speed of the vehicle.

5. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that a parameter-assigned calculation of the correction current further comprising the at least one other parameter is a multiplication by a variable "gain", this being wherein the gain is a function for example of the speed of the vehicle.

6. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that that further comprising the at least one other parameter-assigned calculation of the correction current is a calculation of the "transfer function" kind is a transfer function calculation.

7. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the setpoint target current is a subtraction of the correction current from the setpoint target current determined on the basis of other parameters, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction, the final setpoint target current, which, when transformed into a control current, will control controls the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front

axle assembly of the vehicle.

8. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 2, ~~characterized in that the calculation of further comprising calculating, from the parasitic portion, the correction current, from the isolated parasitic component, also takes into account at least one other parameter.~~

9. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, ~~characterized in that a parameter-assigned calculation of the correction current is a multiplication further comprising the at least one other parameter is a multiplication by a variable "gain", this being wherein the gain is a function for example of the speed of the vehicle.~~

10. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 4, ~~characterized in that further comprising the parameter-assigned calculation of the correction current at least one other parameter is a calculation of the "transfer function" kind transfer function calculation.~~

11. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 2, ~~characterized in that the further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the setpoint target current is a subtraction of the correction current from the setpoint target current determined on the basis of other parameters, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction, the final setpoint target current, which, when transformed into a control current, will control controls the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle.~~

12. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, ~~characterized in that the further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the setpoint target current is a subtraction of the correction current from the setpoint target current determined on the basis of other parameters, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction, the final setpoint target current, which, when transformed into a control current, will~~

~~control~~controls the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle.

13. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, ~~characterized in that~~
~~the~~further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the ~~setpoint~~
target current is a subtraction of the correction current from the ~~setpoint~~target current
~~determined on the basis of other parameters~~, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction,
the final ~~setpoint~~target current, which, when transformed into a control current, ~~will~~
controlcontrols the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front
axle assembly of the vehicle.

14. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 5, ~~characterized in that~~
~~the~~further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the ~~setpoint~~
target current is a subtraction of the correction current from the ~~setpoint~~target current
~~determined on the basis of other parameters~~, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction,
the final ~~setpoint~~target current, which, when transformed into a control current, ~~will~~
controlcontrols the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front
axle assembly of the vehicle.

15. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 6, ~~characterized in that~~
~~the~~further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the ~~setpoint~~
target current is a subtraction of the correction current from the ~~setpoint~~target current
~~determined on the basis of other parameters~~, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction,
the final ~~setpoint~~target current, which, when transformed into a control current, ~~will~~
controlcontrols the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front
axle assembly of the vehicle.